

- **1. Materials.** I will use only lightweight, non-metal parts for the nose, body, and fins of my rocket.
- **2. Motors.** I will use only certified, commercially-made model rocket motors, and will not tamper with these motors or use them for any purposes except those recommended by the manufacturer.
- **3. Ignition System.** I will launch my rockets with an electrical launch system and electrical motor igniters. My launch system will have a safety interlock in series with the launch switch, and will use a launch switch that returns to the "off" position when released.
- **4. Misfires.** If my rocket does not launch when I press the button of my electrical launch system, I will remove the launcher's safety interlock or disconnect its battery, and will wait 60 seconds after the last launch attempt before allowing anyone to approach the rocket.
- **5. Launch Safety.** I will use a countdown before launch, and will ensure that everyone is paying attention and is a safe distance of at least 15 feet away when I launch rockets with D motors or smaller, and 30 feet when I launch larger rockets. If I am uncertain about the safety or stability of an untested rocket, I will check the stability before flight and will fly it only after warning spectators and clearing them away to a safe distance.
- **6. Launcher.** I will launch my rocket from a launch rod, tower, or rail that is pointed to within 30 degrees of the vertical to ensure that the rocket flies nearly straight up, and I will use a blast deflector to prevent the motor's exhaust from hitting the ground. To prevent accidental eye injury, I will place launchers so that the end of the launch rod is above eye level or will cap the end of the rod when it is not in use.
- **7. Size.** My model rocket will not weigh more than 1,500 grams (53 ounces) at liftoff and will not contain more than 125 grams (4.4 ounces) of propellant or 320 N-sec (71.9 pound-seconds) of total impulse. If my model rocket weighs more than one pound (453 grams) at liftoff or has more than four ounces (113 grams) of propellant, I will check and comply with Federal Aviation Administration regulations before flying.
- **8. Flight Safety.** I will not launch my rocket at targets, into clouds, or near airplanes, and will not put any flammable or explosive payload in my rocket.
- **9. Launch Site.** I will launch my rocket outdoors, in an open area at least as large as shown in the accompanying table, and in safe weather conditions with wind speeds no greater than 20 miles per hour. I will ensure that there is no dry grass close to the launch pad, and that the launch site does not present risk of grass fires.
- **10. Recovery System.** I will use a recovery system such as a streamer or parachute in my rocket so that it returns safely and undamaged and can be flown again, and I will use only flame-resistant or fireproof recovery system wadding in my rocket.
- **11. Recovery Safety.** I will not attempt to recover my rocket from power lines, tall trees, or other dangerous places.

LAUNCH SITE DIMENSIONS

Installed Total Impulse (N-sec)	Equivalent Motor Type	Minimum Site Dimensions (ft.)	
0.00 — 1.25	1/4A	50	
1.26 — 2.50	Α	100	
2.51 — 5.00	В	200	
5.01 — 10.00	С	400	
10.01 — 20.00	D	500	
20.01 — 40.00	E	1000	
40.01 — 80.00	F	1000	
80.01 — 160.00	G	1000	
160.01 — 320.00	2 Gs	1500	



Made in the U.S.A by Semroc Astronautics Corporation - Knightdale, N.C. 27545

THUNDERBEE Kit No. KA-1

Specific	ations	Engine	Approx. Altitude
Body Diameter	0.543" (1.4 cm)	1/4A3-3T	175'
Length	14.7" (37.5 cm)	1/2A3-4T	450'
Fin Span	3.3" (8.5 cm)	A3-4T	700'
Net Weight	0.3 oz. (8.5 g)	A10-3T	675'

STREAMER RECOVERY

About S∈mroc Astronautics Corporation

Semroc Astronautics Corporation was started by Carl McLawhorn in his college dorm at North Carolina State University in November, 1967. Convincing a small group of investors in his home town of Ayden, North Carolina to invest in a small corporation, the company was re-incorporated as Semroc Astronautics Corporation on December 31, 1969.

Semroc produced a full line of model rocket kits and engines. At its peak, Semroc had twenty-five full time employees working at two facilities. One was for research and development, printing, shipping, and administration. The other was outside town and handled all production and model rocket engine manufacturing. For several years, Semroc was successful selling model rocket kits, supplies, and engines by mail-order and in hobby shops. In early 1971, Semroc became insolvent and had to close its doors.

After 31 years of dreams and preparations, Semroc Astronautics Corporation was reincorporated on April 2, 2002 with a strong commitment to helping put the fun back into model rocketry.

March 26, 2004

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LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Model rockets are not toys, but are functional rockets made of lightweight materials and are launched with NAR or Tripoli safety certified model rocket motors, electrically ignited and flown in accordance with the NAR Model Rocket Safety Code. If misused, model rockets can cause serious injury and property damage. Semroc certifies that it has exercised reasonable diligence in the design and manufacture of its products. Semroc cannot assume any liability for the storage, transportation, or usage of its products. Semroc shall not be held responsible for any personal injury or property damage whatsoever arising out of the handling, storage, use, or misuse of our products. The buyer assumes all risks and liabilities therefrom and accepts and uses Semroc products on these conditions.

Your purchase and use of any Semroc products is construed as your agreement to and acceptance of these terms. If you do not agree to these terms and conditions, you must return the product, unused, for refund or credit.

100% SATISFACTION GUARANTEE

If you are not 100% satisfied with your Semroc product, we will make it right by providing whatever you consider fair, from refund to replacement.

Contact us at:

Semroc Astronautics Corporation Customer Service Department P.O. Box 1271 Knightdale, North Carolina 27545

JOIN THE NAR!

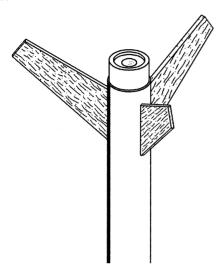
Sign up online at www.nar.org to join the premier model rocketry organization. Semroc fully supports the National Association of Rocketry and recognizes it as the sport's official voice. The NAR is the oldest and largest sport rocketry organization in the world. Since 1957 over 80,000 serious sport rocket modelers have joined the NAR to take advantage of the fun and



excitement of organized rocketry. It is always more fun if you fly with friends. The *Sport Rocketry* magazine is one of the best ways to keep informed of new developments in the hobby. Check online at www.semroc.com/nar for promotions just for NAR members.

FLIGHT PREPPING

23. When mounting the engine, add enough masking tape to ensure the engine fits snugly in the body tube. If the engine is not tight enough, it will kick out when the ejection charge deploys the streamer.



24. Pack the recovery wadding from the top of the body tube. Use a sufficient quantity to protect the streamer, but not too much that it will interfere with the proper deployment of the streamer.



- **25.** Roll the streamer and pack it and the shock cord on top of the recovery wadding. Slide the nose cone into place, making sure it does not pinch the shock cord or streamer.
- **26.** Refer to the model rocket engine manufacturer's instructions to complete the engine prepping. Different engines have different igniters and methods of hooking them up to the launch controllers.
- **27.** Carefully check all parts of your rocket before each flight as a part of your pre-flight checklist. Launch the ThunderBee from a 1/8" diameter by 36" long launch rod.

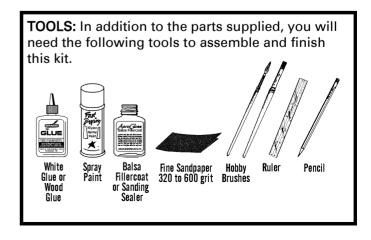
About the Thunder Bee™

The ThunderBee is the first original kit from Semroc Astronautics in 2004. It is also the first and smallest of five in the "Thunder" family by Semroc. The other members are ThunderHawk, ThunderBird, ThunderRoc, and ThunderStorm. Each rocket is about 1.5 times larger than the preceding model.

The ThunderBee is designed with precision laser-cut fins and a precision turned balsa nose cone. A waterslide decal is provided. Recovery is by a brightly colored streamer. It is designed to use the miniengines and is a great flyer in small fields.

BEFORE YOU START!

Make sure you have all the parts included in this kit that are listed in the Parts List in the center of these instructions. In addition to the parts included in this kit, you will also need the tools and materials listed below. Read the entire instructions before beginning to assemble your rocket. When you are thoroughly familiar with these instructions, begin construction. Read each step and study the accompanying drawings. Check off each step as it is completed. In each step, test-fit the parts together before applying any glue. It is sometimes necessary to sand lightly or build-up some parts to obtain a precision fit. If you are uncertain of the location of some parts, refer to the exploded view in the center of these instructions. It is important that you always ensure that you have adequate glue ioints.



ASSEMBLY

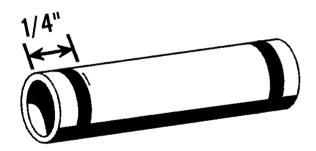
1. These instructions are presented in a logical order to help you put your ThunderBee together quickly and efficiently. Check off each step as you complete it and enjoy putting this kit together.

ENGINE MOUNT ASSEMBLY

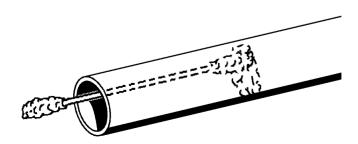
2. Tie one end of the yellow Kevlar cord to the thrust ring.

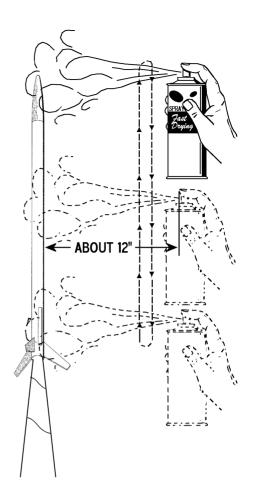


3. The thrust ring is to be glued 1 1/2" from the end of the body tube. Mark the empty engine casing 1/4" from one end. Set the casing aside.

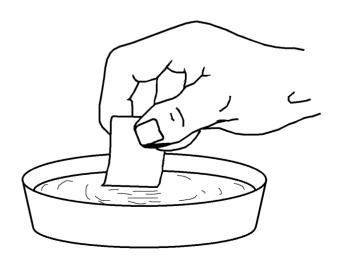


4. Put a large dab of glue on a cotton-tipped swab and spread the glue around inside the tube no farther than 1 1/2". Try not to get any glue close to the end of the tube.



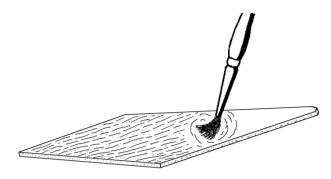


22. After the paint has dried, decals should be applied. The decals supplied with the Thunder-Bee are waterslide decals. Each decal should be cut separately from the sheet. Completely apply one of the decals before starting the next. Think about where you want to apply each decal and check for fit before wetting the decal. Refer to the cover photo for suggested placement.



FINISHING

19. When the fillets have dried, prepare balsa surfaces for a smooth professional looking finish. Fill the wood grain with balsa fillercoat or sanding sealer, When dry, sand with fine sandpaper. Repeat until smooth.

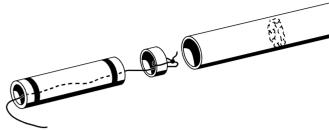


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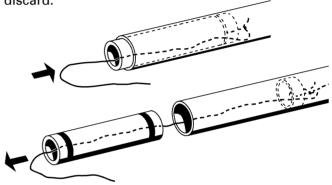
1st coat of fillercoat
2nd coat of fillercoat
After 1st sanding
3rd coat of fillercoat
After final sanding

- **20.** After all balsa surfaces have been prepared, wipe off all balsa dust with a dry cloth. First spray the model with an enamel primer. Choose a high visibility color combination like white and yellow-green for the final color.
- **21.** Spray painting your model with a fast-drying enamel will produce the best results. PA-TIENCE...is the most important ingredient. Use several thin coats, allowing each coat to completely dry before the next coat. Start each spray a few inches above the model and end a few inches below the model. Keep the can about 12" away and use quick light coats. The final coat can be a little heavier to give the model a glossy wet-looking finish. Use rolled newspaper to hold the rocket while you spray it.

5. Insert the free end of the Kevlar® cord attached to the thrust ring through the engine spacing tube. Insert the thrust ring just inside the end of the body tube.

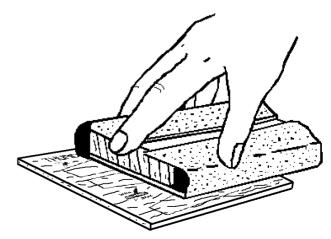


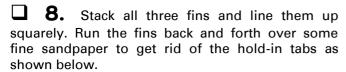
6. Use the marked engine casing to push the thrust ring until the mark on the casing is even with the end of the body tube. CAUTION: Once you have started to push, do not stop or the ring will "freeze" in place. Remove the empty case immediately and discard.



FIN PREPARATION

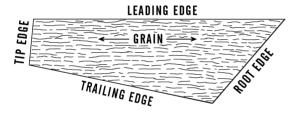
7. Lightly sand each side of the laser-cut fins. Carefully push the laser-cut fins from their sheet. Start at one point on each fin and slowly and gently work around the fin.





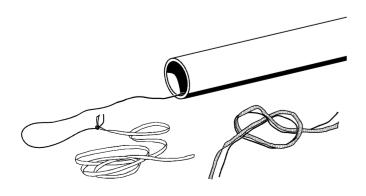


9. Round all edges except the root edges (which will be glued to the body tube).

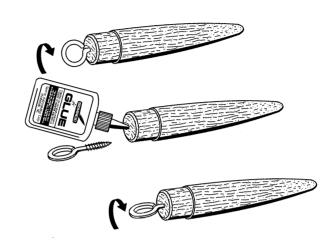


SHOCK CORD

10. Prepare the shock cord as follows. Line up one end of the elastic shock cord with the free end of the Kevlar cord and tie an overhand knot at the end of the two cords. Pull the knot tight and place a small drop of white glue on the knot to prevent it from loosening.

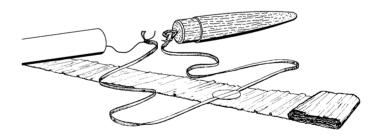


17. Twist the screw eye into the center of the base of the nose cone. Unscrew it and squirt glue into the hole. Reinstall the screw eye and wipe off any excess glue.



FINAL ASSEMBLY

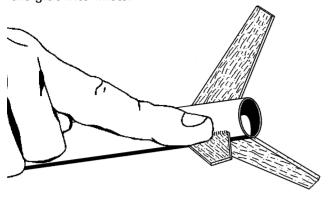
18. Tie the loose end of the elastic cord to the screw eye. Put a drop of glue on the knot to keep it from untying. Using the tape disc, attach the elastic cord to the center of the streamer. Press the disc firmly to make sure it is attached securely.



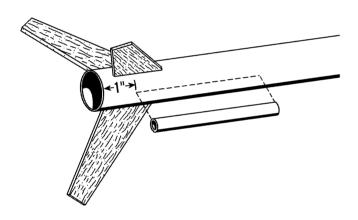
This completes the assembly of your



14. After the fin assembly is completely dry, run a small bead of glue along both sides of each fin-body tube joint. Using your index finger, smooth the glue into fillets.



15. Glue the launch lug along the side of the body tube, centered between two of the fins and 1" from the bottom of the body tube.



NOSE CONE

16. Insert the nose cone in the body tube and check for proper fit. The nose cone should be snug to hold itself in alignment. If it is too loose, add masking tape. If it is too tight, sand the shoulder slightly.



11. Feed the shock cord and yellow Kevlar® cord back through the body tube until they come out the opposite end. Make sure they are pulled all the way through. It may be necessary to shake the tube or pull the shock cord through with a coat hanger or small, thin wood dowel.

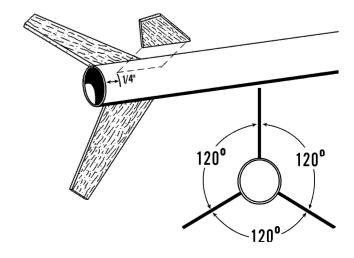


FINISH FINS

12. Stand the body tube on the fin guide below and make the fin position marks on the sides of the tube. Find a convenient channel or groove such as a partially open drawer, a door jamb (as shown,) or a piece of molding. Using the channel, extend the marks the full length of the tube to provide lines for aligning the fins.



13. Run a thin bead of glue along the root edge of one of the fins. Attach it to the body tube on one of the lines drawn earlier. Remove the fin and wait a few minutes until the glue gets tacky. Reapply the fin and check for proper alignment. Repeat for the other two fins. Refer to the end view.



Parts List

EXPLODED VIEW

Λ 1	1	Body Tube	ST-5120	EXPLODED VIEW
л : В 1				
		Laser Cut Fins		G.
		Thrust Ring		
		Launch Lug		
		SCPEW Eye		(B)
G 1		Elastic Cord		
		Kevlar Thread		
I 1		Streamer		
J 1	1	Tap€ Disc	TD-1	
K 1	1	Empty Casing	MC-517	
L 1	1	Decal		
M 1	1	Glue Applicator	GA-1	
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